

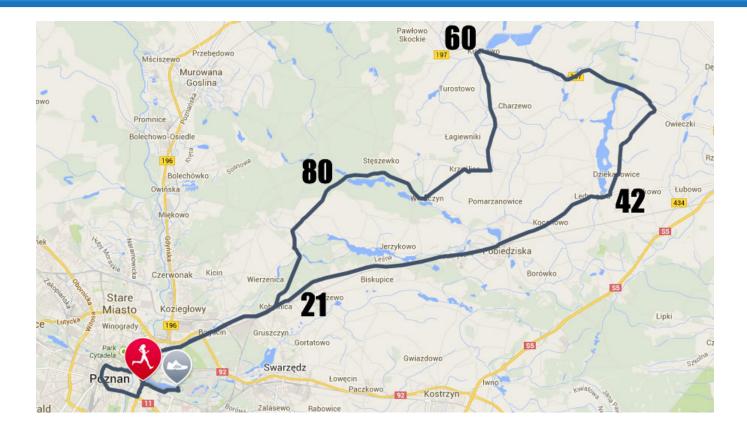
Amadeusz L. Juskowiak, Tomasz Kuczma, Mateusz Rybarski, Maciej Żurad

Topic

Design and implementation of communication protocols for self-organizing, multi-hop ad-hoc network using XbeePRO-868 platform

Supervisor: doc. dr inż. Michał Sajkowski Thesis advisor: dr inż. Michał Kalewski

Motivation - Timing



Motivation - Sensor networks



Motivation

Xbee-PRO 900:

- supports point-to-point, point-tomultipoint and proprietary mesh
- long-range module (~40km)
- 900 MHz legal problem (EU directive 87/372/EWG UMTS900)

Xbee-PRO 868:

- supports point-to-point, point-tomultipoint
- long-range module (~40km)
- 868MHz legal in EU



The goal of this thesis is to design and implement communication protocols that implements self-organizing, multihop, long distance ad-hoc networks using XbeePRO-868 devices.

Project should take into account possible topology changes, should be resistant for temporary failures of communication links and permanent failures of some of devices.

Additional assumptions

- Transmitting small pieces of data
- One piece of data = one transmitted packet
- Nodes don't change their positions
- Packet can be delivered more than once

Tasks to do

- Design of communication protocols with proofs of correctness,
- Implementation of protocols in C++ programming language,
- Setup of example hardware platform
- Efficiency and reliability tests





Performance & features:

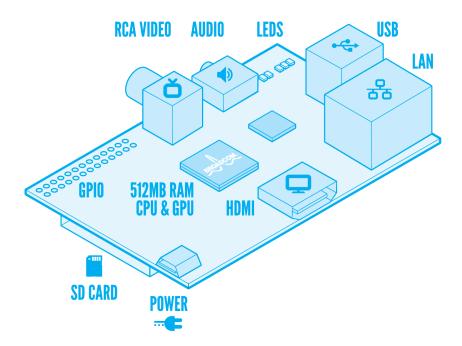
- Frequency 868 MHz ISM
- Outdoor range up to 25 miles (40 km) with dipole antenna
- Transmit power 1 mW (0 dBm) to 315 mW (+25 dBm)
- Interference immunity Multiple transmissions, acknowledgements
- Data throughput 2.4 kbps

Networking & Security:

- Encryption 128-bit AES
- Reliable Packet Delivery Retries/Acknowledgments
- Addressing Options Network ID, 64-bit address
- Channels Single channel

Hardware RaspberryPI

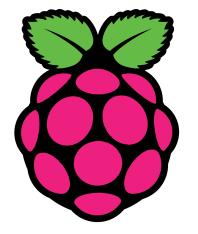
RASPBERRY PI MODEL B



Hardware RaspberryPI

Performance & features:

- CPU 700 MHz ARM1176JZF-S core (ARM11 family)
- Memory 512 MB SDRAM (shared withGPU)
- Operating system Raspbian (Debian GNU/Linux)



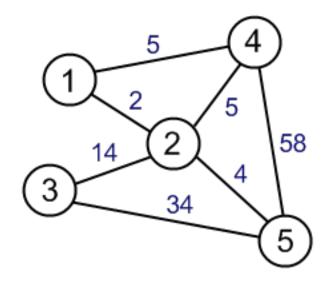
RaspberryPi

Algorithm

- Network representation
- Network topology and state
- Shortest path problem
- Failure detection

Algorithm - network representation

- Weighted (un)directed graph
- Adjacency list



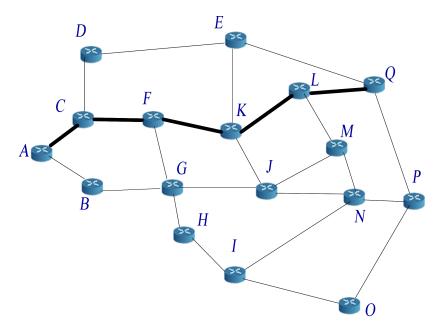
Algorithm - topology and state

- New node discovery
- Updating state of edges
- Edge dropping
- Heartbeat



Algorithm - shortest path problem

Dijkstra's algorithm with priority queue



Algorithm - failure detection

- Xbee ACK
- Software ACK
- Timeouts
- Heartbeat

Thanks for your attention!